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WASHINGTON, TUESDAY, JULY 2, 2024

No. 110

## House of Representatives

The House met at 11 a.m. and was called to order by the Speaker pro tempore (Mr. CARL).

### DESIGNATION OF THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE

The SPEAKER pro tempore laid before the House the following communication from the Speaker:

WASHINGTON, DC,  
July 2, 2024.

I hereby appoint the Honorable JERRY L. CARL to act as Speaker pro tempore on this day.

MIKE JOHNSON,  
*Speaker of the House of Representatives.*

### PRAYER

The Chaplain, the Reverend Margaret Grun Kibben, offered the following prayer:

Compassionate and loving God, call us to step out of ourselves and see the world that You see. Actually, maybe all that is within Your internal purview may be too much for us to handle. But in this moment in time, pull us out of our limited and inward focus, that we would look at, feel for, and share with others the same compassion and love You offer us when You look upon us.

Then may we truly rejoice with those who rejoice. Because we know what it is like to accomplish a challenge with Your aid, to receive something long desired from Your hands, may we want to share that joy. May we be the kind of people with whom others can feel free to celebrate their delight in life and love.

Likewise, may we never be afraid to come alongside someone in grief, pain, or sadness. There is not one of us who hasn't experienced loss, rejection, or despair. But because we have found comfort in Your compassion and kindness, may we be willing to mourn with those who mourn and serve as agents of

Your love in their moments of sorrow. For in You we have found joy in our grief and hope in our pain.

Send us forth this day to share, then, Your compassion and kindness and love with those around us.

In the embrace of Your grace and by the power of Your name, we pray.

Amen.

### THE JOURNAL

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to section 3(z) of House Resolution 5, the Journal of the last day's proceedings is approved.

### PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Chair will lead the House in the Pledge of Allegiance.

The SPEAKER pro tempore led the Pledge of Allegiance as follows:

I pledge allegiance to the Flag of the United States of America, and to the Republic for which it stands, one nation under God, indivisible, with liberty and justice for all.

### ADJOURNMENT

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to section 3(z) of House Resolution 5, the House stands adjourned until 1 p.m., Friday, July 5, 2024.

Thereupon (at 11 o'clock and 3 minutes a.m.), under its previous order, the House adjourned until Friday, July 5, 2024, at 1 p.m.

### EXECUTIVE COMMUNICATIONS, ETC.

Under clause 2 of rule XIV, executive communications were taken from the Speaker's table and referred as follows:

EC-4653. A letter from the Senior Congressional Liaison, Consumer Financial Protection Bureau, transmitting the Bureau's interim final rule with request for comment — Small Business Lending under the Equal

Credit Opportunity Act (Regulation B); Extension of Compliance Dates [Docket No.: CFPB-2024-0018] (RIN: 3170-AA09) received June 27, 2024, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); Public Law 104-121, Sec. 251; (110 Stat. 868); to the Committee on Financial Services.

EC-4654. A letter from the Associate General Counsel for Legislation and Regulations, Office of Housing, Department of Housing and Urban Development, transmitting the Department's final rule — Certification of Tribal Housing Counselors [Docket No.: FR-6322-F-02] (RIN: 2502-AJ64) received June 20, 2024, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); Public Law 104-121, Sec. 251; (110 Stat. 868); to the Committee on Financial Services.

EC-4655. A letter from the Chairman, National Credit Union Administration, transmitting the Administration's 2023 annual report to Congress on Minority Depository Institutions, pursuant to 12 U.S.C. 1463 note; Public Law 101-73, Sec. 308(c) (as amended by Public Law 111-203, Sec. 367(4)(B)); (124 Stat. 1556); to the Committee on Financial Services.

EC-4656. A letter from the Assistant Secretary, Employment and Training Administration, Department of Labor, transmitting the Department's funding opportunity announcement — Senior Community Service Employment Program (SCSEP) Optional Demonstration Grants on Sector-Based Training for Low-Income Older Adult Workers [FOA-ETA-24-12] received June 21, 2024, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); Public Law 104-121, Sec. 251; (110 Stat. 868); to the Committee on Education and the Workforce.

EC-4657. A letter from the Assistant Secretary, Employment and Training Administration, Department of Labor, transmitting the Department's funding opportunity announcement — DOL Building Pathways to Infrastructure Jobs Grant Program [FOA-ETA-23-31] received June 21, 2024, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); Public Law 104-121, Sec. 251; (110 Stat. 868); to the Committee on Education and the Workforce.

EC-4658. A letter from the Assistant Secretary, Employment and Training Administration, Department of Labor, transmitting the Department's funding opportunity announcement — Pathway Home 5 [FOA-ETA-24-05] received June 21, 2024, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); Public Law 104-121, Sec. 251; (110 Stat. 868); to the Committee on Education and the Workforce.

□ This symbol represents the time of day during the House proceedings, e.g., □ 1407 is 2:07 p.m.

Matter set in this typeface indicates words inserted or appended, rather than spoken, by a Member of the House on the floor.



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EC-4659. A letter from the Chief, Wireline Competition Bureau, Federal Communications Commission, transmitting the Commission's final rule — In the Matter of Schools and Libraries Cybersecurity Pilot Program [WC Docket No.: 23-234] received June 20, 2024, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); Public Law 104-121, Sec. 251; (110 Stat. 868); to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

EC-4660. A letter from the Director, Office of Congressional Affairs, Office of the Chief Financial Officer, U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, transmitting the Commission's Major final rule — Fee Schedules; Fee Recovery for Fiscal Year 2024 [NRC-2022-0046] (RIN: 3150-AK74) received June 12, 2024, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); Public Law 104-121, Sec. 251; (110 Stat. 868); to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

EC-4661. A letter from the Acting Assistant Secretary, Bureau of Legislative Affairs, Department of State, transmitting Department Notification Number: DDTC 24-009, pursuant to section 36(c) of the Arms Export Control Act; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

EC-4662. A letter from the Acting Assistant Secretary, Bureau of Legislative Affairs, Department of State, transmitting Department Notification Number: DDTC 24-022, pursuant to section 36(c) of the Arms Export Control Act; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

EC-4663. A letter from the Acting Assistant Secretary, Bureau of Legislative Affairs, Department of State, transmitting Department Notification Number: DDTC 24-012, pursuant to section 36(c) of the Arms Export Control Act; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

EC-4664. A letter from the Acting Assistant Secretary, Bureau of Legislative Affairs, Department of State, transmitting Department Notification Number: DDTC 24-019, pursuant to section 36(c) of the Arms Export Control Act; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

EC-4665. A letter from the Principal Deputy Assistant Secretary, Bureau of Legislative Affairs, Department of State, transmitting Department Notification Number: DDTC 23-097, pursuant to section 36(c) of the Arms Export Control Act; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

EC-4666. A letter from the Principal Deputy Assistant Secretary, Bureau of Legislative Affairs, Department of State, transmitting Department Notification Number: DDTC 24-023, pursuant to section 36(d) of the Arms Export Control Act; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

EC-4667. A letter from the Chairman, Council of the District of Columbia, transmitting DC Act 25-497, "Dedication of Lot 841 in Square 5755 for Alley Purposes, S.O. 22-01599, Act of 2024", pursuant to Public Law 93-198, Sec. 602(c)(1); (87 Stat. 814); to the Committee on Oversight and Accountability.

EC-4668. A letter from the Chairman, Council of the District of Columbia, transmitting DC Act 25-498, "Unlawful Restrictions in Land Records Act of 2024", pursuant to Public Law 93-198, Sec. 602(c)(1); (87 Stat. 814); to the Committee on Oversight and Accountability.

EC-4669. A letter from the Chief Diversity, Equity, Inclusion and Equal Employment Opportunity Officer, Commodity Futures Trading Commission, transmitting the Commission's FY 2023 Annual No FEAR Act Report, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 2301 note; Public Law 107-174, Sec. 203(a) (as amended by Public Law 109-435, Sec. 604(f)); (120 Stat. 3242); to the Committee on Oversight and Accountability.

EC-4670. A letter from the Acting Secretary, Department of Labor, transmitting the Department's Office of Inspector General Semiannual Report to Congress for the period October 1, 2023 through March 31, 2024; to the Committee on Oversight and Accountability.

EC-4671. A letter from the President and Chief Executive Officer, Federal Home Loan Bank of Topeka, transmitting the 2023 management report and financial statements of the Federal Home Loan Bank of Topeka, pursuant to 31 U.S.C. 9106(a)(1); Public Law 97-258 (as amended by Public Law 101-576, Sec. 306(a)); (104 Stat. 2854); to the Committee on Oversight and Accountability.

EC-4672. A letter from the Chief Regulatory Officer, U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services, Department of Homeland Security, transmitting the Department's notification — Implementation of Changes to the Haitian Family Reunification Parole Process [CIS No.: 2754-23, DHS Docket No.: USCIS-2014-0013] (RIN: 1615-ZC03) received June 26, 2024, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); Public Law 104-121, Sec. 251; (110 Stat. 868); to the Committee on the Judiciary.

EC-4673. A letter from the Chief Regulatory Officer, U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services, Department of Homeland Security, transmitting the Department's notification — Implementation of a Family Reunification Parole Process for Guatemalans [CIS No.: 2751-23; DHS Docket No.: USCIS-2023-0008] (RIN: 1615-ZC01) received June 26, 2024, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); Public Law 104-121, Sec. 251; (110 Stat. 868); to the Committee on the Judiciary.

EC-4674. A letter from the Chief Regulatory Officer, U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services, Department of Homeland Security, transmitting the Department's notification — Implementation of a Family Reunification Parole Process for Hondurans [CIS No.: 2752-23; DHS Docket No.: USCIS-2023-0009] (RIN: 1615-ZC02) received June 26, 2024, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); Public Law 104-121, Sec. 251; (110 Stat. 868); to the Committee on the Judiciary.

EC-4675. A letter from the Secretary, Federal Trade Commission, transmitting the Commission's Major final rule — Non-Compete Clause Rule (RIN: 3084-AB74) received June 20, 2024, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); Public Law 104-121, Sec. 251; (110 Stat. 868); to the Committee on the Judiciary.

EC-4676. A letter from the Associate Administrator, Congressional and Legislative Affairs, Small Business Administration, transmitting the Administration's final rule — Civil Monetary Penalties Inflation Adjustments (RIN: 3245-A101) received June 20, 2024, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); Public Law 104-121, Sec. 251; (110 Stat. 868); to the Committee on the Judiciary.

EC-4677. A letter from the Office of the Chief Counsel, Regulatory Affairs, Pipeline and Hazardous Materials Safety Administration, Department of Transportation, transmitting the Department's final rule — Hazardous Materials: FAST Act Requirements for Real-Time Train Consist Information [Docket No.: PHMSA-2016-0015 (HM-263)] (RIN: 2137-AF21) received June 27, 2024, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); Public Law 104-121, Sec. 251; (110 Stat. 868); to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure.

EC-4678. A letter from the Associate Administrator, Congressional and Legislative Affairs, Office of Government Contracting and Business Development, Small Business Administration, transmitting the Administration's direct final rule — Eliminating Self-Certification for Service-Disabled Veteran-Owned Small Businesses (RIN: 3245-A110) received June 20, 2024, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); Public Law 104-121, Sec. 251; (110 Stat. 868); to the Committee on Small Business.

EC-4679. A letter from the Chief, Publications and Regulations Section, Internal Revenue Service, transmitting the Service's Major final rule — Increased Amounts of Credit or Deduction for Satisfying Certain

Prevailing Wage and Registered Apprenticeship Requirements [TD 9998] (RIN: 1545-BQ62) received June 21, 2024, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); Public Law 104-121, Sec. 251; (110 Stat. 868); to the Committee on Ways and Means.

## PUBLIC BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS

Under clause 2 of rule XII, public bills and resolutions of the following titles were introduced and severally referred, as follows:

By Mr. FERGUSON (for himself, Mr. KELLY of Pennsylvania, Mrs. MILLER of West Virginia, Mr. MURPHY, Mr. KUSTOFF, Ms. TENNEY, Mr. MOORE of Utah, Ms. MALLIOTAKIS, and Ms. STEFANK):

H.R. 8913. A bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to exclude certain students from the calculation to determine if certain private colleges and universities are subject to the excise tax on net investment income, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Ms. MALLIOTAKIS (for herself, Ms. STEFANK, Mr. KUSTOFF, Ms. TENNEY, Mr. MURPHY, Mr. KELLY of Pennsylvania, Mr. SCHWEIKERT, Mrs. MILLER of West Virginia, Mrs. FISCHBACH, Mr. MOORE of Utah, and Mr. FERGUSON):

H.R. 8914. A bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to impose penalties with respect to civil rights violations by certain tax-exempt educational institutions; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. HERN (for himself, Mr. WITTMAN, Mr. COLLINS, and Mr. FINSTAD):

H.R. 8915. A bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to expand the expenses treated as qualified higher education expenses for purposes of 529 accounts to include additional elementary and secondary school expenses and certain postsecondary credentialing expenses; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. BOST (for himself and Mr. GARAMENDI):

H.R. 8916. A bill to amend the Federal Water Pollution Control Act to make certain projects and activities eligible for financial assistance under a State water pollution control revolving fund, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure.

By Mr. CARTER of Louisiana (for himself and Mr. ARMSTRONG):

H.R. 8917. A bill to amend Federal law to create an expungement mechanism and a process to petition for expungement for low-level violations of the Controlled Substances Act as it relates to marijuana, to study the impact of expungements issued, and for other purposes; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Ms. CRAIG (for herself, Mrs. MILLER-MEEKS, Ms. SCHRIER, Mr. CRENSHAW, Mr. DAVIS of North Carolina, and Mr. LATURNER):

H.R. 8918. A bill to amend the Controlled Substances Act to require electronic communication service providers and remote computing services to report to the Attorney General certain controlled substances violations; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce, and in addition to the Committee on the Judiciary, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mr. FERGUSON (for himself, Mr. AUSTIN SCOTT of Georgia, Mr. LOUDERMILK, Mr. CLYDE, Ms. GREENE of Georgia, Mr. COLLINS, Mr. ALLEN,

Mr. CARTER of Georgia, Mr. MCCORMICK, Mrs. MCBATH, Mr. DAVID SCOTT of Georgia, Mr. JOHNSON of Georgia, Mr. BISHOP of Georgia, and Ms. WILLIAMS of Georgia):

H.R. 8919. A bill to designate the facility of the United States Postal Service located at 151 Highway 74 South in Peachtree City, Georgia, as the "SFC Shawn McCloskey Post Office"; to the Committee on Oversight and Accountability.

By Mr. FONG:

H.R. 8920. A bill to approve the settlement of the water right claims of the Tule River Tribe, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Natural Resources.

By Mr. HERN (for himself and Mr. CHU):

H.R. 8921. A bill to set aside funds for payments to Indian tribes and tribal consortia under subpart 1 of part B of title IV of the Social Security Act; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. HIGGINS of Louisiana:

H.R. 8922. A bill to require the Director of the Bureau of Consumer Financial Protection to issue a final rule requiring any card issuer that issues a pre-approved credit card to a senior citizen to provide fraud alerts to certain individuals, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Financial Services.

By Mr. JOYCE of Ohio (for himself, Mr. NEGUSE, Mr. CISCOMANI, and Mr. COHEN):

H.R. 8923. A bill to establish an Animal Cruelty Crimes Section within the Department of Justice's Environment and Natural Resources Division, and for other purposes; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mrs. KIM of California (for herself and Mr. MOOLENAAR):

H.R. 8924. A bill to require the Secretary of Commerce to identify and report on foreign adversary entities using intellectual property related to emerging technology without a license, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

By Mr. LANDSMAN (for himself, Mr. LAWLER, Mrs. BEATTY, and Mr. BACON):

H.R. 8925. A bill to amend the Transportation, Treasury, Housing and Urban Development, the Judiciary, the District of Columbia, and Independent Agencies Appropriations Act, 2006 and the United States Housing Act of 1937 to allow for housing assistance to certain individuals enrolled as students at an institution of higher education, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Financial Services.

By Mr. MCCAUL (for himself and Mr. MEEKS):

H.R. 8926. A bill to modify and reauthorize the Better Utilization of Investments Leading to Development Act of 2018; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

By Ms. NORTON:

H.R. 8927. A bill to amend title 31, United States Code, to repeal the authorities of the Government Accountability Office with respect to the District of Columbia government, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Oversight and Accountability.

By Mr. PFLUGER (for himself, Mr. GUTHRIE, Mr. DUNCAN, Mr. ALFORD, Mr. GRIFFITH, Mr. ZINKE, Mrs. MILLER of West Virginia, Mr. FRY, and Mr. NEWHOUSE):

H.R. 8928. A bill to provide for certain reforms pertaining to Chevron deference; to the Committee on the Judiciary, and in addition to the Committee on Oversight and Accountability, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mr. SCHWEIKERT:

H.R. 8929. A bill to prohibit digital platforms from using information about a user unless the user consents to such use, to ensure personal information is considered a property right, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

By Mr. SESSIONS:

H.R. 8930. A bill to require that each agency provide any communication in alternative accessible communication formats; to the Committee on Oversight and Accountability.

By Ms. STEFANIK (for herself and Mr. TONKO):

H.R. 8931. A bill to redesignate Saratoga National Historical Park as Saratoga National Battlefield Park; to the Committee on Natural Resources.

By Mr. PALMER:

H.J. Res. 172. A joint resolution providing for congressional disapproval under chapter 8 of title 5, United States Code, of the rule submitted by the Environmental Protection Agency relating to "National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants: Coal- and Oil-Fired Electric Utility Steam Generating Units Review of the Residual Risk and Technology Review"; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

By Mr. PALMER:

H.J. Res. 173. A joint resolution providing for congressional disapproval under chapter 8 of title 5, United States Code, of the rule submitted by the Department of Energy relating to "Energy Conservation Program: Energy Conservation Standards for Consumer Water Heaters"; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

By Mr. PALMER:

H.J. Res. 174. A joint resolution providing for congressional disapproval under chapter 8 of title 5, United States Code, of the rule submitted by the Environmental Protection Agency relating to "Hazardous and Solid Waste Management System: Disposal of Coal Combustion Residuals From Electric Utilities; Legacy CCR Surface Impoundments"; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

By Mr. PALMER:

H.J. Res. 175. A joint resolution providing for congressional disapproval under chapter 8 of title 5, United States Code, of the rule submitted by the Department of Energy relating to "Statutory Updates to the Advanced Technology Vehicles Manufacturing Program"; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

By Mr. PALMER:

H.J. Res. 176. A joint resolution providing for congressional disapproval under chapter 8 of title 5, United States Code, of the rule submitted by the Department of Energy relating to "Energy Conservation Program: Energy Conservation Standards for Miscellaneous Refrigeration Products"; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

By Mr. PALMER:

H.J. Res. 177. A joint resolution providing for congressional disapproval under chapter 8 of title 5, United States Code, of the rule submitted by the Environmental Protection Agency relating to "New Source Performance Standards for Greenhouse Gas Emissions From New, Modified, and Reconstructed Fossil Fuel-Fired Electric Generating Units; Emission Guidelines for Greenhouse Gas Emissions From Existing Fossil Fuel-Fired Electric Generating Units; and Repeal of the Affordable Clean Energy Rule"; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

By Mr. PALMER:

H.J. Res. 178. A joint resolution providing for congressional disapproval under chapter 8 of title 5, United States Code, of the rule submitted by the Department of Commerce relating to "Preventing the Improper Use of

CHIPS Act Funding"; to the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology.

By Mr. PALMER:

H.J. Res. 179. A joint resolution providing for congressional disapproval under chapter 8 of title 5, United States Code, of the rule submitted by the Department of the Treasury relating to "Clean Vehicle Credits Under Sections 25E and 30D; Transfer of Credits; Critical Minerals and Battery Components; Foreign Entities of Concern"; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. PALMER:

H.J. Res. 180. A joint resolution providing for congressional disapproval under chapter 8 of title 5, United States Code, of the rule submitted by the Department of Energy relating to "Clean Energy for New Federal Buildings and Major Renovations of Federal Buildings"; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce, and in addition to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mr. WALBERG (for himself, Ms. FOXX, Mr. DUNN of Florida, Mr. BURGESS, Mr. ALLEN, Mr. CRENSHAW, Mr. BEAN of Florida, Mr. GOOD of Virginia, Mr. SMITH of Nebraska, Mr. FULCHER, Mr. MEUSER, Ms. TENNEY, Mr. BALDERSON, Mr. JOHNSON of South Dakota, and Mr. OGLES):

H.J. Res. 181. A joint resolution providing for congressional disapproval under chapter 8 of title 5, United States Code, of the rule submitted by the Department of Labor relating to "Definition of 'Employer'-Association Health Plans"; to the Committee on Education and the Workforce.

## MEMORIALS

Under clause 3 of rule XII, memorials were presented and referred as follows:

ML-126. The SPEAKER presented a memorial of the Senate of the State of Florida, relative to Senate Memorial No. 226, respectfully urging the United States Congress to impel the United States National Guard Bureau to examine the resource allocations of the Florida National Guard and allow an increase in its force structure; to the Committee on Armed Services.

ML-127. Also, a memorial of the Senate of the State of Florida, relative to Senate Memorial No. 800, urging the Congress of the United States to support solutions that examine the pollution differential between United States production and that of other countries and that hold foreign polluters accountable for their pollution; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

ML-128. Also, a memorial of the Legislature of the State of Louisiana, relative to Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 21, memorializing the Congress of the United States to support the nation of Israel in the wake of the October 7, 2023, terror attacks and Israel's efforts to root out Hamas; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

ML-129. Also, a memorial of the Legislature of the State of Colorado, relative to Senate Joint Memorial No. 24-002, memorializing the Congress of the United States to fund the authorized \$35 million to the "Water Infrastructure Improvements for the Nation Act" for necessary improvements to the Pine River Indian Irrigation Project; to the Committee on Natural Resources.

ML-130. Also, a memorial of the Legislature of the State of Illinois, relative to House Joint Resolution No. 20, urging the Administration of President Joseph R. Biden, Jr. to publish and certify without delay the Equal Rights Amendment as the

Twenty-Eighth Amendment to the Constitution of the United States and urging the Congress of the United States to pass a joint resolution, affirming the Equal Rights Amendment as the Twenty-Eighth Amendment to the Constitution of the United States; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

ML-131. Also, a memorial of the Senate of the State of Florida, relative to Senate Memorial No. 1020, respectfully urging the United States Secretary of State to designate drug cartels as Foreign Terrorist Organizations so that appropriate means may be initiated to mitigate and, eventually, eliminate their operations; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

ML-132. Also, a memorial of the Senate of the State of Michigan, relative to Senate Resolution No. 122, urging the Congress to fund the construction of a new air traffic control tower for the Gerald R. Ford International Airport; to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure.

ML-133. Also, a memorial of the Legislature of the State of Colorado, relative to Senate Joint Resolution No. 24-012, strongly urging and requesting the government of the United States of America to take action to preserve and enhance American leadership in space, spur innovation, and ensure our continued national and economic security by increasing funding for space exploration and activities; and declaring March 4, 2024 to be "Colorado Aerospace Day"; to the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology.

ML-134. Also, a memorial of the Senate of the State of Florida, relative to Senate Memorial No. 370, urging the Congress of the United States to add spaceports as a qualified tax-exempt category of private activity bonds; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

ML-135. Also, a memorial of the Senate of the State of Hawaii, relative to Senate Resolution No. 91, urging the United States Congress to adopt the Social Security 2100 Act and reject any legislation that would lead to the privatization of Social Security benefits; jointly to the Committees on Foreign Affairs and Ways and Means.

#### CONSTITUTIONAL AUTHORITY AND SINGLE SUBJECT STATEMENTS

Pursuant to clause 7(c)(1) of rule XII and Section 3(c) of H. Res. 5 the following statements are submitted regarding (1) the specific powers granted to Congress in the Constitution to enact the accompanying bill or joint resolution and (2) the single subject of the bill or joint resolution.

By Mr. FERGUSON:

H.R. 8913.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Pursuant to clause 7 of rule XII of the Rules of the House of Representatives, the following statement is submitted regarding the specific powers granted to Congress in the Constitution to enact the accompanying bill or joint resolution. Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following: "Clause 1 of section 8 of article I of the Constitution, to "provide for the common defense and general welfare of the United States."

The single subject of this legislation is:

To amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to exclude certain students from the calculation to determine if certain private colleges and universities are subject to the excise tax on net investment income, and for other purposes.

By Ms. MALLIOTAKIS:

H.R. 8914.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 1: The Congress shall have Power To lay and collect Taxes,

The single subject of this legislation is: To amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to impose penalties with respect to civil rights violations by certain tax-exempt educational institutions.

By Mr. HERN:

H.R. 8915.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 8

The single subject of this legislation is: Taxation

By Mr. BOST:

H.R. 8916.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 1, Clause 3, and Clause 18

The single subject of this legislation is: Clean Water State Revolving Fund

By Mr. CARTER of Louisiana:

H.R. 8917.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

This bill is introduced pursuant to the powers granted to Congress under the General Welfare Clause (Art. 1 Sec 8 Cl.1), the Commerce Clause (Art. 1 Sec. 8 Cl. 3), and the Necessary and Proper Clause (Art. 1 Sec. 8 Cl. 18). Further, this statement of constitutional authority is made for the sole purpose of compliance with clause 7 of Rule XII of the Rules of the House of Representatives and shall have no bearing on judicial review of the accompanying bill.

The single subject of this legislation is: Crime and Law Enforcement

By Ms. CRAIG:

H.R. 8918.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 8, Clause 3 of the U.S. Constitution

The single subject of this legislation is: Preventing drug overdoses

By Mr. FERGUSON:

H.R. 8919.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Pursuant to clause 7 of rule XII of the Rules of the House of Representatives, the following statement is submitted regarding the specific powers granted to Congress in the Constitution to enact the accompanying bill or joint resolution. Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following: "Clause 1 of section 8 of article I of the Constitution, to "provide for the common defense and general welfare of the United States."

The single subject of this legislation is: Change the name of the Peachtree City post office.

By Mr. FONG:

H.R. 8920.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

U.S. Constitution, Article 1, Section 8, Clause 3

The single subject of this legislation is: Tule River Tribe Reserved Water Rights Settlement

By Mr. HERN:

H.R. 8921.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 8

The single subject of this legislation is: Child Welfare

By Mr. HIGGINS of Louisiana:

H.R. 8922.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Artl.S8.C3—The Congress shall have Power To . . . regulate Commerce with foreign Na-

tions, and among the several States, and with the Indian Tribes;

The single subject of this legislation is:

To require the Director of the Bureau of Consumer Financial Protection to issue a final rule requiring any card issuer that issues a pre-approved credit card to a senior citizen to provide fraud alerts

By Mr. JOYCE of Ohio:

H.R. 8923.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 18

The single subject of this legislation is: To establish an Animal Cruelty Crimes Section within the Department of Justice's Environment and Natural Resources Division, and for other purposes.

By Mrs. KIM of California:

H.R. 8924.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8.

The single subject of this legislation is: To require the Secretary of Commerce to identify and report on foreign adversary entities using intellectual property related to emerging technology without a license, and for other purposes.

By Mr. LANDSMAN:

H.R. 8925.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8

The single subject of this legislation is: The Campus Housing Affordability Act would give the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) the authority to waive certain requirements and specific provisions in the existing HUD Housing Choice Voucher Program Section 8 statute, to allow the Housing Choice Voucher Program, also known as the Section 8 voucher program, to be used on college campuses.

By Mr. MCCAUL:

H.R. 8926.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, section 8 of the Constitution of the United States

The single subject of this legislation is: To modify and reauthorize the Better Utilization of Investments Leading to Development Act of 2018

By Ms. NORTON:

H.R. 8927.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

clause 17 of section 8 of article I of the Constitution

The single subject of this legislation is: This bill would repeal the authority of the U.S. Government Accountability Office over the District of Columbia.

By Mr. PFLUGER:

H.R. 8928.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8

The single subject of this legislation is: To provide for certain reforms pertaining to Chevron deference

By Mr. SCHWEIKERT:

H.R. 8929.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1 Section 8

The single subject of this legislation is: To prohibit digital platforms from using information about a user unless the user consents to such use, to ensure personal information is considered a property right, and for other purposes.

By Mr. SESSIONS:

H.R. 8930.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

To make all Laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into Execution the

foregoing Powers, and all other Powers vested by this Constitution in the Government of the United States, or in any Department or Officer thereof.

The single subject of this legislation is:

To require that each agency provide any communication in alternative accessible communication formats.

By Ms. STEFANIK:

H.R. 8931.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8 of the U.S. Constitution

The single subject of this legislation is:

To redesignate Saratoga National Historical Park as Saratoga National Battlefield Park.

By Mr. PALMER:

H.J. Res. 172.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8

The single subject of this legislation is:

To disapprove of the rule submitted by the Environmental Protection Agency relating to "National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants: Coal- and Oil-Fired Electric Utility Steam Generating Units Review of the Residual Risk and Technology Review".

By Mr. PALMER:

H.J. Res. 173.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8

The single subject of this legislation is:

To disapprove of the rule submitted by the Department of Energy relating to "Energy Conservation Program: Energy Conservation Standards for Consumer Water Heaters".

By Mr. PALMER:

H.J. Res. 174.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8

The single subject of this legislation is:

To disapprove of the rule submitted by the Environmental Protection Agency relating to "Hazardous and Solid Waste Management System. Disposal of Coal Combustion Residuals From Electric Utilities; Legacy CCR Surface Impoundments".

By Mr. PALMER:

H.J. Res. 175.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8

The single subject of this legislation is:

To disapprove of the rule submitted by the Department of Energy relating to "Statutory Updates to the Advanced Technology Vehicles Manufacturing Program".

By Mr. PALMER:

H.J. Res. 176.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8

The single subject of this legislation is:

To disapprove of the rule submitted by the Department of Energy relating to "Energy Conservation Program: Energy Conservation Standards for Miscellaneous Refrigeration Products".

By Mr. PALMER:

H.J. Res. 177.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8

The single subject of this legislation is:

To disapprove of the rule submitted by the Environmental Protection Agency relating to "New Source Performance Standards for Greenhouse Gas Emissions From New, Modified, and Reconstructed Fossil Fuel-Fired Electric Generating Units; Emission Guidelines for Greenhouse Gas Emissions From Existing Fossil Fuel-Fired Electric Gener-

ating Units; and Repeal of the Affordable Clean Energy Rule".

By Mr. PALMER:

H.J. Res. 178.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8

The single subject of this legislation is:

To disapprove of the rule submitted by the Department of Commerce relating to "Preventing the Improper Use of CHIPS Act Funding".

By Mr. PALMER:

H.J. Res. 179.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8

The single subject of this legislation is:

To disapprove of the rule submitted by the Department of the Treasury relating to "Clean Vehicle Credits Under Sections 25E and 30D; Transfer of Credits; Critical Minerals and Battery Components; Foreign Entities of Concern".

By Mr. PALMER:

H.J. Res. 180.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8

The single subject of this legislation is:

To disapprove of the rule submitted by the Department of Energy relating to "Clean Energy for New Federal Buildings and Major Renovations of Federal Buildings".

By Mr. WALBERG:

H.J. Res. 181.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8

The single subject of this legislation is:

Providing for congressional disapproval under chapter 8 of title 5, United States Code, of the rule submitted by the Department of Labor relating to "Definition of 'Employer'—Association Health Plans".

#### ADDITIONAL SPONSORS

Under clause 7 of rule XII, sponsors were added to public bills and resolutions, as follows:

H.R. 396: Mr. SORENSEN, Mr. SCHIFF, Ms. SEWELL, Ms. HOULAHAN, Mr. CLYBURN, Mr. DAVID SCOTT of Georgia, and Ms. CARAVEO.  
 H.R. 531: Mr. SELF and Mr. WESTERMAN.  
 H.R. 765: Mr. SCOTT of Virginia.  
 H.R. 809: Mrs. KIM of California.  
 H.R. 830: Mr. SUOZZI.  
 H.R. 871: Mr. WILLIAMS of New York.  
 H.R. 895: Ms. PEREZ and Mrs. TORRES of California.  
 H.R. 1088: Mr. POSEY and Mrs. KIM of California.  
 H.R. 1111: Mr. JACKSON of Illinois.  
 H.R. 1200: Mr. PENCE, Mr. DONALDS, and Mr. HUNT.  
 H.R. 1247: Ms. DEGETTE.  
 H.R. 1252: Mr. LEVIN.  
 H.R. 1273: Ms. PORTER and Mr. LEVIN.  
 H.R. 1359: Mr. COSTA and Mr. GOLDMAN of New York.  
 H.R. 1385: Mr. SUOZZI and Mr. PAPPAS.  
 H.R. 1393: Mrs. WATSON COLEMAN, Mr. BAIRD, Ms. JACKSON LEE, and Mr. NUNN of Iowa.  
 H.R. 1425: Mr. ZINKE.  
 H.R. 1491: Mr. PETERS.  
 H.R. 1507: Ms. BUSH, Mr. COHEN, Mr. DELUZZIO, Ms. KAMLAGER-DOVE, Ms. MCCLELLAN, Mr. MOULTON, Mrs. RAMIREZ, Ms. ROSS, Mr. RUIZ, Ms. VELÁZQUEZ, and Mr. LEVIN.  
 H.R. 1572: Mr. DOGGETT, Mr. SORENSEN, and Mr. LARSEN of Washington.  
 H.R. 1582: Mr. THOMPSON of Pennsylvania and Mr. KRISHNAMOORTHY.  
 H.R. 1584: Mr. THANEDAR.

H.R. 1707: Mr. LANDSMAN.  
 H.R. 1708: Mr. THANEDAR.  
 H.R. 1787: Mr. VAN ORDEN.  
 H.R. 1831: Mr. IVEY, Mr. NEWHOUSE, Mr. GIMENEZ, Mr. DUNN of Florida, Ms. SPANBERGER, Mr. BUCHANAN, Ms. KAMLAGER-DOVE, Mr. BISHOP of Georgia, and Mrs. RAMIREZ.  
 H.R. 2389: Mr. TAKANO, Ms. BUSH, and Mrs. SYKES.  
 H.R. 2407: Ms. LEE of Pennsylvania and Mr. GOLDMAN of New York.  
 H.R. 2620: Mr. LOUDERMILK.  
 H.R. 2630: Ms. CLARKE of New York and Mr. SUOZZI.  
 H.R. 2662: Mr. THOMPSON of Pennsylvania and Mr. WILLIAMS of Texas.  
 H.R. 2671: Mr. GARAMENDI.  
 H.R. 2726: Mr. LALOTA.  
 H.R. 2803: Mrs. BEATTY.  
 H.R. 2867: Mr. LUTTRELL.  
 H.R. 2870: Ms. SEWELL.  
 H.R. 2891: Ms. STEVENS, Mrs. RAMIREZ, and Mr. LIEU.  
 H.R. 2923: Mr. PAPPAS.  
 H.R. 2957: Mr. BUCSHON and Ms. DELAURO.  
 H.R. 2998: Ms. LOIS FRANKEL of Florida.  
 H.R. 3005: Mr. IVEY.  
 H.R. 3038: Ms. WILSON of Florida, Mr. FROST, and Mr. DOGGETT.  
 H.R. 3086: Mr. SUOZZI.  
 H.R. 3108: Mr. BACON.  
 H.R. 3232: Mr. LEVIN.  
 H.R. 3269: Ms. PEREZ.  
 H.R. 3377: Mr. LEVIN.  
 H.R. 3432: Mrs. PELTOLA.  
 H.R. 3470: Mr. KILDEE.  
 H.R. 3498: Ms. SEWELL.  
 H.R. 3539: Ms. HOULAHAN.  
 H.R. 3548: Mr. LEVIN.  
 H.R. 3616: Mr. MAGAZINER.  
 H.R. 3651: Mr. ROUZER.  
 H.R. 3670: Mr. MURPHY.  
 H.R. 3686: Mr. MORAN and Ms. SALAZAR.  
 H.R. 3776: Ms. HOYLE of Oregon.  
 H.R. 3781: Mr. SUOZZI.  
 H.R. 3855: Mr. WENSTRUP.  
 H.R. 3876: Mr. LAHOOD.  
 H.R. 3933: Mr. TRONE, Mr. VAN DREW, and Mr. MAGAZINER.  
 H.R. 3957: Mr. TRONE.  
 H.R. 4034: Mr. TORRES of New York, Mr. SCHWEIKERT, and Ms. NORTON.  
 H.R. 4138: Mr. LANDSMAN.  
 H.R. 4157: Mr. MAGAZINER.  
 H.R. 4170: Ms. BUSH and Mr. GOLDMAN of New York.  
 H.R. 4333: Mr. MAGAZINER.  
 H.R. 4540: Mr. NUNN of Iowa.  
 H.R. 4599: Mrs. TRAHAN.  
 H.R. 4663: Ms. LOIS FRANKEL of Florida.  
 H.R. 4771: Mr. LEVIN.  
 H.R. 4873: Mr. NUNN of Iowa.  
 H.R. 4897: Mr. HARDER of California, Ms. WATERS, and Mr. MULLIN.  
 H.R. 4906: Ms. HOYLE of Oregon.  
 H.R. 4933: Mr. MAGAZINER.  
 H.R. 5041: Mr. SUOZZI.  
 H.R. 5103: Mr. HARDER of California.  
 H.R. 5140: Mr. NUNN of Iowa.  
 H.R. 5159: Ms. HOULAHAN.  
 H.R. 5169: Ms. HOYLE of Oregon and Mr. BACON.  
 H.R. 5220: Ms. PORTER.  
 H.R. 5305: Mr. LEVIN.  
 H.R. 5456: Ms. HOULAHAN.  
 H.R. 5555: Mr. SUOZZI.  
 H.R. 5657: Mr. MOLINARO.  
 H.R. 5720: Mr. NUNN of Iowa.  
 H.R. 5909: Mrs. TRAHAN.  
 H.R. 5990: Ms. LEE of Nevada.  
 H.R. 5998: Ms. NORTON.  
 H.R. 6173: Mr. NUNN of Iowa.  
 H.R. 6203: Ms. PORTER.  
 H.R. 6226: Mr. NUNN of Iowa.  
 H.R. 6244: Mr. LUTTRELL.  
 H.R. 6394: Mr. FLEISCHMANN.  
 H.R. 6618: Ms. DELAURO.

- H.R. 6634: Ms. LOIS FRANKEL of Florida.  
 H.R. 6663: Mr. CISCOMANI.  
 H.R. 6672: Mr. MOONEY.  
 H.R. 6720: Ms. KAPTUR and Ms. MCCLELLAN.  
 H.R. 6727: Mr. VEASEY.  
 H.R. 6748: Ms. SALINAS, Mr. KILDEE, Mr. PHILLIPS, Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ, and Mrs. NAPOLITANO.  
 H.R. 6860: Mr. WEBER of Texas.  
 H.R. 6928: Mr. JACKSON of Illinois.  
 H.R. 6935: Ms. STANSBURY and Mr. MAGAZINER.  
 H.R. 6957: Mr. SUOZZI.  
 H.R. 6961: Ms. TOKUDA.  
 H.R. 7059: Ms. PORTER.  
 H.R. 7133: Ms. PORTER.  
 H.R. 7148: Mr. WEBER of Texas.  
 H.R. 7165: Mr. BOYLE of Pennsylvania, Mr. TORRES of New York, Ms. HOULAHAN, and Mr. MANN.  
 H.R. 7213: Mr. SUOZZI, Mr. PANETTA, Mrs. PELTOLA, and Mr. RYAN.  
 H.R. 7266: Mr. JACKSON of Illinois.  
 H.R. 7274: Ms. NORTON, Ms. ROSS, Mr. PAPPAS, and Mr. TORRES of New York.  
 H.R. 7297: Mr. LANDSMAN.  
 H.R. 7315: Mr. NUNN of Iowa.  
 H.R. 7355: Mr. NUNN of Iowa and Ms. GARCIA of Texas.  
 H.R. 7365: Ms. SALAZAR.  
 H.R. 7398: Mr. BACON.  
 H.R. 7438: Mr. CROW, Mr. BILIRAKIS, Mr. LUTTRELL, Mr. SUOZZI, Mr. WALTZ, Ms. ESCOBAR, Mrs. RADEWAGEN, and Mr. PFLUGER.  
 H.R. 7542: Ms. CARAVEO.  
 H.R. 7597: Ms. CHU.  
 H.R. 7623: Mr. SUOZZI.  
 H.R. 7629: Mr. CASTRO of Texas and Mr. MEEKS.  
 H.R. 7634: Ms. PORTER.  
 H.R. 7730: Mr. NUNN of Iowa.  
 H.R. 7770: Mr. SABLAN, Mr. OBERNOLTE, Mr. COLE, Ms. GRANGER, and Mrs. KIM of California.  
 H.R. 7771: Mr. OBERNOLTE.  
 H.R. 7802: Mr. SOTO.  
 H.R. 7858: Mrs. PELTOLA.  
 H.R. 7900: Mrs. CAMMACK.  
 H.R. 7902: Ms. OMAR, Mr. KHANNA, and Mr. CASAR.  
 H.R. 7921: Mr. MOOLENAAR.  
 H.R. 8040: Ms. HAGEMAN and Mr. BACON.  
 H.R. 8045: Mr. BACON.  
 H.R. 8093: Mr. LANDSMAN.  
 H.R. 8114: Mr. KELLY of Pennsylvania.  
 H.R. 8147: Mr. SELF.  
 H.R. 8192: Ms. DELBENE.  
 H.R. 8199: Mr. DESAULNIER.  
 H.R. 8307: Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ, Mr. LYNCH, and Mr. CARBAJAL.  
 H.R. 8310: Mr. WITTMAN and Mr. KRISHNAMOORTHY.  
 H.R. 8318: Mrs. STEEL.  
 H.R. 8327: Ms. SEWELL.  
 H.R. 8371: Ms. TENNEY and Mr. TONY GONZALES of Texas.  
 H.R. 8390: Mrs. TRAHAN.  
 H.R. 8407: Ms. TOKUDA.  
 H.R. 8411: Mr. RUTHERFORD.  
 H.R. 8426: Ms. GARCIA of Texas, Mr. JACKSON of Illinois, Mr. RASKIN, Ms. BALINT, and Ms. LOFGREN.  
 H.R. 8427: Ms. DELAURO and Mr. MAGAZINER.  
 H.R. 8458: Mrs. PELTOLA.  
 H.R. 8489: Mr. FALLON, Mr. HARDER of California, Mr. SESSIONS, and Mr. DAVIS of North Carolina.  
 H.R. 8543: Ms. CARAVEO.  
 H.R. 8545: Mrs. FOUSHEE.  
 H.R. 8588: Ms. NORTON and Mr. JACKSON of Illinois.  
 H.R. 8609: Mr. GARAMENDI.  
 H.R. 8611: Mr. MAGAZINER.  
 H.R. 8639: Mr. LARSON of Connecticut and Ms. WATERS.  
 H.R. 8660: Ms. CHU, Ms. WILLIAMS of Georgia, and Ms. TOKUDA.  
 H.R. 8672: Mr. DONALDS.  
 H.R. 8679: Mr. GARBARINO.  
 H.R. 8693: Mr. LATTA.  
 H.R. 8702: Mr. PAPPAS.  
 H.R. 8706: Mr. FITZGERALD, Mr. WENSTRUP, Mr. WILLIAMS of Texas, Mr. KUSTOFF, and Mr. EMMER.  
 H.R. 8707: Mr. MOSKOWITZ, Mr. SORENSEN, and Ms. TOKUDA.  
 H.R. 8748: Ms. SCANLON and Mr. TRONE.  
 H.R. 8796: Ms. DEGETTE, Mr. MAGAZINER, Ms. TITUS, and Mr. SCHNEIDER.  
 H.R. 8821: Mr. MOLINARO.  
 H.R. 8825: Mr. CASAR, Mr. GARCÍA of Illinois, and Mr. VEASEY.  
 H.R. 8827: Ms. CLARKE of New York.  
 H.R. 8847: Mr. FLEISCHMANN.  
 H.R. 8858: Ms. SCHOLTEN and Mr. GREEN of Texas.  
 H.R. 8899: Mrs. RADEWAGEN.  
 H.R. 8911: Ms. STANSBURY.  
 H.J. Res. 117: Mr. BANKS, Mr. STAUBER, Mr. BEAN of Florida, and Mr. MANN.  
 H.J. Res. 170: Mr. VALADAO, Mr. GUEST, Mr. STAUBER, Mr. HARRIS, and Mr. LAWLER.  
 H. Con. Res. 28: Mr. SUOZZI.  
 H. Con. Res. 115: Mr. BLUMENAUER and Mr. FLEISCHMANN.  
 H. Res. 439: Ms. SCANLON, Ms. SCHAKOWSKY, and Ms. MOORE of Wisconsin.  
 H. Res. 675: Mr. LEVIN.  
 H. Res. 837: Mr. JACKSON of Illinois.  
 H. Res. 990: Ms. PORTER and Ms. KAPTUR.  
 H. Res. 1063: Mr. DELUZIO, Ms. JACOBS, and Mr. BACON.  
 H. Res. 1145: Mr. GOTTHEIMER.  
 H. Res. 1170: Mr. RUTHERFORD.  
 H. Res. 1180: Mr. FROST.  
 H. Res. 1199: Ms. MENG.  
 H. Res. 1286: Mr. QUIGLEY and Mr. LEVIN.  
 H. Res. 1311: Mr. ROSE.  
 H. Res. 1327: Mr. COSTA.  
 H. Res. 1328: Ms. JACOBS.  
 H. Res. 1330: Ms. CLARKE of New York and Mr. PAPPAS.  
 H. Res. 1338: Mr. MILLS.



United States  
of America

# Congressional Record

PROCEEDINGS AND DEBATES OF THE 118<sup>th</sup> CONGRESS, SECOND SESSION

Vol. 170

WASHINGTON, TUESDAY, JULY 2, 2024

No. 110

## Senate

The Senate met at 12 p.m. and was called to order by the Honorable LAPHONZA R. BUTLER, a Senator from the State of California.

### APPOINTMENT OF ACTING PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will please read a communication to the Senate from the President pro tempore (Mrs. MURRAY).

The assistant parliamentary read the following letter:

U.S. SENATE,  
PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE,  
Washington, DC, July 2, 2024.

To the Senate:

Under the provisions of rule I, paragraph 3, of the Standing Rules of the Senate, I hereby appoint the Honorable LAPHONZA R. BUTLER, a Senator from the State of California, to perform the duties of the Chair.

PATTY MURRAY,  
President pro tempore.

Ms. BUTLER thereupon assumed the Chair as Acting President pro tempore.

ADJOURNMENT UNTIL FRIDAY,  
JULY 5, 2024, AT 9 A.M.

The ACTING PRESIDENT pro tempore. Under the previous order, the Senate stands adjourned until 9 a.m. on Friday, July 5, 2024.

Thereupon, the Senate, at 12 and 32 seconds p.m., adjourned until Friday, July 5, 2024, at 9 a.m.

• This "bullet" symbol identifies statements or insertions which are not spoken by a Member of the Senate on the floor.



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S4211

## EXTENSIONS OF REMARKS

HONORING LIEUTENANT PATRICK L. RAWLINGS AS THE JUNE VETERAN OF THE MONTH FOR MICHIGAN'S 9TH DISTRICT

**HON. LISA C. McCLAIN**

OF MICHIGAN

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

*Tuesday, July 2, 2024*

Mrs. McCLAIN. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to honor the remarkable valor and dedication of Lieutenant Patrick L. Rawlings, Sr., our distinguished Veteran of the Month representing Michigan's 9th Congressional District. It is with utmost pride and respect that I highlight the extraordinary service of this true American patriot.

Lieutenant Patrick Rawlings was born and raised in Keyser, West Virginia, where he graduated high school, and later attended Potomac State College from 1961–1962. His exemplary military career began at 19 years old, when he enlisted in the United States Army. After enlisting, he began his training at Fort Knox, Kentucky and later received Artillery Advanced individual training at Fort Sill, Oklahoma. He continued his training, graduating with honors from the Officer Candidate School earning the esteemed rank of 2ND Lieutenant.

Lieutenant Patrick Rawlings was then assigned to the 1ST Special Forces Group in Okinawa, which came contingent with more rigorous training; including Jump School at Fort Benning, Georgia, and Special Warfare School at Fort Bragg, North Carolina. His dedication to excellence and unwavering courage were further demonstrated during his deployments to Vietnam, where he served as a member of A-Teams A/221 and A/213 assigned to the 5th Special Forces Group. His leadership, valor, and unwavering commitment to his comrades-in-arms earned him the admiration and respect of all who served alongside him.

Throughout his impressive military career, Lieutenant Rawlings exemplified the highest ideals of service and sacrifice, earning numerous commendations and accolades, including the Airborne qualification, SCUBA School certification, and promotion to the rank of 1ST Lieutenant. His courage under fire and unwavering commitment to his fellow service members serve as a testament to his character and dedication to duty.

Mr. Speaker, I ask my colleagues to join me in expressing our deepest thanks to Lieutenant Patrick L. Rawlings, Sr. His life of service and sacrifice serves as a powerful reminder of the debt of gratitude we owe to those who have defended our freedoms at home and abroad.

INTRODUCTION OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA GOVERNMENT ACCOUNTABILITY OFFICE HOME RULE ACT

**HON. ELEANOR HOLMES NORTON**

OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

*Tuesday, July 2, 2024*

Ms. NORTON. Mr. Speaker, today, I introduce the District of Columbia Government Accountability Office Home Rule Act. This bill would repeal the authority of the U.S. Government Accountability Office (GAO) over the District of Columbia.

GAO, a federal agency that conducts investigations and audits for Congress, has the same authority over D.C. that it has over federal agencies. GAO's authorizing statute defines D.C. as a federal agency. In addition, GAO's authorizing statute and the D.C. Home Rule Act require GAO to engage in specific types of oversight of D.C.

D.C. is not a federal agency, and it should never be treated as such. D.C. already has a locally appointed auditor and inspector general, so GAO's authority over D.C. is both redundant and offensive. GAO does not have general authority over states and cities, and therefore should not have such authority over D.C. This bill is an important step to increase home rule for D.C.

THE STATE OF VOTING RIGHTS IN AMERICA

SPEECH OF

**HON. SHEILA JACKSON LEE**

OF TEXAS

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

*Tuesday, June 25, 2024*

Ms. JACKSON LEE. Mr. Speaker, I want to thank my colleagues for hosting this Congressional Black Caucus Special Order to discuss the issue at the heart of American democracy—our right to vote.

This right is fundamental to our democracy and a threat to it is a threat to America itself.

A crucial benchmark of progress and inclusion in this country has been the passage of one of the most important pieces of legislation in our nation's history—the Voting Rights Act of 1965.

Signed in to law by President Johnson, this legislation helped to reinforce America's promise of a truly democratic Nation and our 15th Amendment prohibition on denying Black Americans the right to vote.

The Voting Rights Act served as a beacon for full political participation and engagement in our nation for all Americans.

Because of that law, I stand before you as Congresswoman SHEILA JACKSON LEE, the first African American woman Ranking Member of the House Judiciary Subcommittee on Crime, and a Senior Member on the Judiciary, Homeland Security, and the Budget Committees.

On August 6, 1965, in the Rotunda of the Capitol and in the presence of such luminaries as the Rev. Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr. and Rev. Ralph Abernathy of the Southern Christian Leadership Conference; Roy Wilkins of the NAACP; Whitney Young of the National Urban League; James Foreman of the Congress of Racial Equality; A. Philip Randolph of the Brotherhood of Sleeping Car Porters; John Lewis of the Student Non-Violent Coordinating Committee; Senators Robert Kennedy, Hubert Humphrey, and Everett Dirksen; President Johnson addressed the Nation before signing the Voting Rights Act:

“The vote is the most powerful instrument ever devised by man for breaking down injustice and destroying the terrible walls which imprison men because they are different from other men.”

The Voting Rights Act of 1965 was critical to preventing brazen voter discrimination violations that historically left millions of African Americans disenfranchised.

In 1940, for example, only about 3 percent of African Americans living in the South were registered to vote.

Poll taxes, literacy tests, and threats of violence were the major causes of these racially discriminatory results.

In 1964, the year before the Voting Rights Act became law, there were approximately 300 African-Americans in public office, including just three in Congress.

Few, if any, African Americans held elective office anywhere in the South.

Because of the Voting Rights Act, today there are more than 9,100 black elected officials, including approximately 60 members of Congress, the largest number ever.

Additionally, for the first time in our history, we have a Vice President, Kamala D. Harris, the first woman, first Black person and first Asian American to be sworn into that role.

Furthermore, we have the first Black woman, Ketanji Brown Jackson, serving as a justice on the U.S. Supreme Court.

The Voting Rights Act opened the political process for many of the approximately 7,000 Hispanic public officials that have been elected and appointed nationwide, including 56 of whom serve in Congress.

Native Americans, Asians and others who have historically encountered harsh barriers to full political participation also have benefited greatly.

The crown jewel of the Voting Rights Act of 1965 is Section 2, which prohibits the implementation of voting practices or procedures that discriminate on the basis of race, color, or membership in one of the language minority groups identified in Section 4(f)(2) of the Act.

Historically, section 5 of the Voting Rights Act provided the crucial pre-clearance formula—a vital proactive measure to determine which states and jurisdictions were required to preclear new voting laws with the Department of Justice or a Federal Court.

For nearly 50 years, section 5 of the Voting Rights Act and the preclearance formula outlined in section 4 moderated many of the

● This “bullet” symbol identifies statements or insertions which are not spoken by a Member of the Senate on the floor.

Matter set in this typeface indicates words inserted or appended, rather than spoken, by a Member of the House on the floor.



worst abuses and resulted in many states adopting voting laws and redistricting plans with an eye to satisfying the concerns of minority voters.

Despite Section 5's long history and crucial role in ensuring our democracy was by all the people and for all the people, 11 years ago the Supreme Court gutted the VRA, striking down section 4's crucial preclearance formula, rendering the proactive protections of section 5 unusable.

In its 2013 *Shelby County v. Holder* decision, the Supreme Court gutted the VRA, striking down section 4's crucial preclearance formula, rendering the proactive protections of section 5 unusable.

No longer could the Voting Rights Act take a proactive, preemptive role to stopping discriminatory legislation.

Since then, the need to protect the right to vote and safeguard our democracy has never been more urgent.

Following the *Shelby County* decision, state legislatures have targeted voters and erected deliberate barriers to the ballot box in what amounts to the most concerted effort to restrict voting access in generations. These new restrictive, discriminatory voting laws have included closing polling stations and reducing their hours, curbing early voting and vote by mail options, imposing strict ID requirements, limiting access to multi-lingual voting materials, and making more difficult to register to vote.

According to the Brennan Center for Justice, at least 31 states have passed 103 restrictive voting laws since the *Shelby County v. Holder* decision in 2013 (as of May 2024). These measures disproportionately impact voters of color, Native American voters, voters with disabilities, and the elderly.

A 2018 Brennan Center report concluded that states previously covered under the preclearance formula have purged voters off their rolls at a significantly higher rate than non-covered jurisdictions now that their new laws are no longer subject to the same level of oversight.

However, threats to voting rights nationwide have not stopped there.

The Supreme Court has continued to undermine key provisions of the Voting Rights Act.

In July 2021, in its *Brnovich v. DNC and Arizona Republican Party v. DNC*, the Supreme Court upheld racially discriminatory voter restrictions in Arizona despite evidence that these laws were intentionally designed to target Latino and other minority voters.

In doing so, the Court further weakened the Voting Rights Act, making it harder to challenge discriminatory laws under Section 2's anti-discrimination provisions.

Yet, the threats have not stopped there.

With the 2024 election approaching, voting rights have never been more important and yet have increasingly come under fire.

Since January of 2024, at least six states have enacted seven restrictive laws.

Some states have spent the past few years piling on restrictions.

Voters in 28 states will face new restrictions that weren't in place in the last presidential election.

These include a new law in Alabama and Idaho that broadly criminalizes certain forms of assistance with absentee voting and mail ballots, limiting voting access for elderly voters, voters with disabilities, and those with limited access to transportation.

Indiana enacted a law that heightens the chances that naturalized citizens will be wrongly removed from the voting rolls.

A new law in Tennessee restricts the time frame voters have to request an absentee ballot.

A new Arizona law shortens the period during which voters may correct issues with their signatures on mail ballots.

A new West Virginia law now requires county clerks to cancel the registrations of voters who get out of state driver's licenses, creating a burden on students, military members, and others who temporarily reside outside the state but intend to return and therefore remain eligible to vote in West Virginia.

In my home state of Texas, new restrictions have been implemented on absentee voting and new legislation empowers the state to more freely purge voter rolls—a process that often results in legitimate voters unknowingly being removed and finding themselves unable to vote come November.

In the face of all these threats, what can be done to preserve voting rights?

One crucial step is the passage of the John R. Lewis Voting Rights Advancement Act.

This landmark legislation would restore and modernize the protections of the Voting Rights Act of 1965.

In doing so, it would protect the right to vote and safeguard our democracy by preventing restrictive, discriminatory voting laws from taking effect.

It does so by establishing a new modern-day framework to determine which states and localities have a recent history of discrimination and require such jurisdictions to preclear new election changes, preventing restrictive and discriminatory voting laws from taking effect.

In other words, it revives and refreshes the preclearance formula for the modern era, enabling Section 5 of the Voting Rights Act to once again preemptively prevent threats to voting rights.

It also restores Section 2 of the Voting Rights Act by eliminating the heightened standard required to challenge discriminatory voting laws created by the Supreme Court in *Brnovich v. DNC*.

Voting rights should not be a partisan issue.

It is the duty and responsibility of Congress to safeguard voting rights across our Nation.

Our freedom to vote is our most sacred and fundamental right.

It is the right upon which all our other rights rest, and allows us to determine the future of our communities and families, and ensure opportunities for all.

Since enactment, the Voting Rights Act of 1965 has been reauthorized five times with large, bipartisan majorities.

The VRA's most recent authorization occurred in 2006 when it passed unanimously in the U.S. Senate (98–0) and was signed by Republican President George W. Bush.

There is no reason that the effort to restore the VRA to its full strength should be any different.

While Republicans veered away from this bipartisan tradition last Congress, opposing the bill in the House and blocking debate in the Senate, this Congress provides a new opportunity to side with the American people and the fundamental principle that everyone has an equal opportunity to have their voice heard and vote counted.

We must reject the cynicism that Republicans at the highest level have espoused when talking about making voting more accessible for all.

Allowing every eligible vote to be cast and counted is not a “power grab.”

For democracy to work for all of us, it must include us all, no matter our background.

The John R. Lewis Voting Rights Advancement Act would restore and modernize the essential portion of the Voting Rights Act that blocks discriminatory voting policies before they go into effect, creating a transparent process for protecting everyone's freedom to vote.

I have also repeatedly introduced legislation that further enshrines our voting rights.

H.R. 42—the Coretta Scott King Mid-Decade Redistricting Prohibition Act prohibits a state where the congressional districts have been redistricted after a decennial census from carrying out another redistricting until after the next apportionment of Representatives following a decennial census, unless a court requires the state to conduct a subsequent redistricting to comply with the Constitution or enforce the Voting Rights Act of 1965.

This legislation was also a response to the *Shelby County* decision, as after the 2020 census, many state legislatures redrew aggressive new measures now that they were no longer subject to preclearance.

For example, Republicans in North Carolina converted a congressional map that elected 8 Republicans and 5 Democrats into one that could elect 11 Republicans and just 3 Democrats.

The North Carolina map was skewed in a way that targets Black political power, meaning that a state that is 20 percent Black could have only a single Black member of Congress representing them.

Congressional maps in Texas, Ohio, and Georgia are also all considered severe partisan gerrymanders.

This redistricting cycle also saw unprecedented efforts to undermine the political power of Black, Hispanic, Asian and Native communities, especially in Southern states.

While redistricting after a new census is almost always a partisan process, this bill protects the redistricting process from being employed too often to skew the maps even further.

Under H.R. 42, once the first redistricting is complete after the new census, the state's maps cannot be redrawn again until the next census, unless a court mandates otherwise.

Like the John Lewis Voting Rights Advancement Act, this is another vital piece of legislation that should receive broad support from my colleagues as it enshrines voting rights nationwide and preserves the legacy of the Voting Rights Act.

Mr. Speaker, for millions of Americans, the right to vote protected by the Voting Rights Act of 1965 is a sacred treasure, earned by the sweat and toil and tears and blood of ordinary Americans who showed the world it was possible to accomplish extraordinary things.

Let us honor their commitment and sacrifice by enshrining the legislative protections they fought for.

HONORING THE LIFE OF JUDGE  
STANLEY NOVACK

**HON. JAMES A. HIMES**

OF CONNECTICUT

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

*Tuesday, July 2, 2024*

Mr. HIMES. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to honor the life of Judge Stanley Novack of Stamford, Connecticut.

Judge Novack was a pillar of the Stamford community and a scion of Jurisprudence, serving 49 years on the bench across various judicial appointments in Connecticut. First elevated to the bench in 1975, Judge Novack was one of the longest presiding Connecticut Superior Court judges who had a special affinity for his time adjudicating family law cases. He handled these particularly fraught situations with a sincerity, good-humor, and empathy that regularly left litigants and lawyers grateful to have come before him to have their cases heard.

Coined “the father of family law in Connecticut” by his colleagues at a celebration of his 40th year on the bench, Judge Novack was the recipient of numerous prestigious awards, including the Distinguished Service Award from the Connecticut Chapter of the American Academy of Matrimonial Lawyers and the Lifetime Achievement Award by the Fairfield County Bar Association.

Beyond his laudatory judicial career, Judge Novack was known to be a truly remarkable human to his colleagues and family. He was famous for his uncanny ability to remember the birthdays of his fellow judges, the lawyers who argued before him, and the legal secretaries who transcribed his notes—and even their children. Alongside his wife of over thirty years, Muriel, Judge Novack never missed one of his granddaughters’ ballet recitals, theater performances, or academic graduations. And, in keeping with his devotion to our great state, he was an avid fan of the UCONN Men and Women’s basketball teams, excitedly welcoming each of his alma matter’s national championship victories.

Judge Novack’s life stands as a testament to his dedication to public service and commitment to his community. His legacy, both in the form of the case law he created and the wonderful family he leaves behind, will serve as a tribute to his many years of hard work. I thank Judge Novack for all that he did for Connecticut.

HONORING THE LIFE OF JOSEPH  
L. LEVESQUE, C.M.

**HON. TIMOTHY M. KENNEDY**

OF NEW YORK

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

*Tuesday, July 2, 2024*

Mr. KENNEDY. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to honor the remarkable life of Reverend Joseph L. Levesque, C.M. A faithful priest, visionary leader, and beloved community member. Father Levesque was a true pillar of our community. His unwavering commitment to service changed the lives of all whom he knew.

A native of North Tarrytown, NY, Father Levesque entered the Congregation of the Mission after finishing high school. He completed his studies at Mary Immaculate Semi-

nary in 1967 and became an ordained Vincentian priest. Afterwards, Father Levesque taught religious studies at St. John’s Preparatory School, St. Joseph’s Seminary, and Niagara University before pursuing his Doctoral Degree in theology at Catholic University of America.

In 1978, Father Levesque returned to Niagara University to continue teaching. Here, he was named the Dean of the College of Arts and Sciences and the Director of the Graduate Division.

Returning to seminary work in 1986, Father Levesque became the president of St. Joseph’s Seminary, a school where he previously taught. He was later elected provincial superior of the Eastern Province of Congregation of the Mission in 1990 and served a full nine-year term.

Father Levesque began his tenure as the 25th president of Niagara University in 2000. Holding this role for 13 years, he became the fourth longest-tenured president in the University’s history. Under his leadership, Father Levesque expanded the University’s footprint and ensured its long-term success. He led “The Promise of Niagara . . . The next 150 years” campaign, raising a record \$80 million for the university. These funds were used to build new state of the art facilities on campus and to renovate existing spaces. After Father Levesque stepped down from the presidency in 2013, the Niagara University Board of Trustees voted to confer him with the title President Emeritus.

At the culmination of his academic career, Father Levesque earned honorary degrees from Niagara University and St. John’s University, two of the three Vincentian institutions of higher education in the United States, and an honorary doctorate from Christ the King Seminary.

Beyond academia, Father Levesque remained an active member and leader in the community. He served as the board chair of both St. John’s University and Niagara University. Additionally, Father Levesque was an active member of the Conference of Major Superiors of Men, a leadership organization for religious men in the United States. Through his roles as President and Liaison to the National Conference of Catholic Bishops’ Committee on the Liturgy, Father Levesque gained national recognition for his work with the Catholic bishops and church authorities in Rome.

Today, we celebrate the enduring legacy of Father Joseph L. Levesque. His commitment to faith, passion for service, and unwavering leadership has changed our community for the better. Please join me in honoring Father Levesque for a lifetime of tremendous service.

HONORING THE CAREER OF  
ANTHONY (TONY) ZAMPIELLO

**HON. GRACE F. NAPOLITANO**

OF CALIFORNIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

*Tuesday, July 2, 2024*

Mrs. NAPOLITANO. Mr. Speaker, I rise to honor the long career of public service provided to the people of the San Gabriel Valley and Southern California by Anthony (Tony) Zampiello of the San Gabriel Valley Water Association and the Main San Gabriel Basin Watermaster.

Water policy and management is one of the most controversial, complicated, and costly issues in California. In my region there are hundreds of different water supply agencies, water treatment works, water distributors, and water users. One of the things that the varied water interests in the San Gabriel Valley agree on is the deep gratitude we have for the invaluable expertise of Tony Zampiello over the past 35 years.

Tony has been at the forefront of managing water agencies and advising policy makers on historic water rights, urban water usage, infrastructure, federal programs, and groundwater management. As the primary groundwater manager in the San Gabriel Valley, Tony has effectively administered basin levels and usage through cycles of drought and heavy storm seasons. The San Gabriel Basin would not have withstood the severe droughts of the past decade and come back at heightened levels the way it did if it were not for Tony’s leadership.

Tony has testified in Congress and provided policy advice that has been at the forefront of the water debates and legislation signed into law. He was the impetus for multiple provisions in Water Resources Development Acts that have led to the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers improving groundwater recharge and dam operations in Southern California. He advocated for improved stormwater capture that led to a new Clean Water Act program for stormwater in the Bipartisan Infrastructure Law. He has championed water recycling that has spurred Congress to provide millions of dollars in additional Bureau of Reclamation funding to reuse wastewater and release it into spreading grounds and improve our aquifers.

Mr. Speaker, we are happy that Tony is moving on to a much-deserved retirement, but we will greatly miss the reservoir of knowledge that he has provided to water managers and policy makers. I ask my colleagues to join me in congratulating Tony Zampiello on his retirement, and thanking him for his long career of public service to the people of Southern California.

COMMEMORATING THE 250TH ANNIVERSARY OF THE FIRST CONTINENTAL CONGRESS AND THE YOUNG PEOPLE’S CONTINENTAL CONGRESS

**HON. BRENDAN F. BOYLE**

OF PENNSYLVANIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

*Tuesday, July 2, 2024*

Mr. BOYLE of Pennsylvania. Mr. Speaker, I rise to commemorate the 250th Anniversary of the First Continental Congress and Young People’s Continental Congress.

The United States Congress traces its roots to the First Continental Congress, which convened in Carpenters’ Hall in 1774 and was one of the most significant events in the founding of our Nation. Colonial delegates solidified a united American identity by adopting the Declaration of Colonial Rights, which outlined their grievances with Great Britain, and the Articles of Association, which created the colonial coalition that later signed the Declaration of Independence and fought the American Revolution. After the Revolution, the Continental Congress evolved into the Congress of

the Federation and ultimately the U.S. Congress as established by the Constitution in 1787.

To commemorate the 250th anniversary of the First Continental Congress, in July 2024 the Carpenters' Company of Philadelphia, the nonprofit organization founded in 1724 that owns and operates Carpenters' Hall, will convene the Young People's Continental Congress (YPCC). From July 15–19, a diverse group of high school students and their teachers from the 13 original colonies will gather in Philadelphia to explore our Nation's founding. A second convening in July 2025 will engage students and teachers from all 56 states and jurisdictions.

YPCC is a once-in-a-lifetime opportunity to engage young people in history and civics as well as launch Philadelphia's celebration of the Semiquincentennial of American independence in 2026. YPCC has been named a National Partner Program of America250 and has been endorsed by America250PA and Philadelphia250. YPCC delegates will discuss America's founding principles and how those principles have been expressed over our history. They will also experience Philadelphia's world-class historic attractions to enhance their understanding of the democratic process and how our country began. The program will provide young people across the country with the opportunity to share their voices and perspectives.

YPCC will harness the power of convening for a new generation of civic leaders, who often are more connected with their peers via technology and social media than they are in physical time and space. As generations of leaders have learned, there is nothing like being "in the room where it happened."

NEWSLETTER FROM  
CONGRESSMAN CHUCK EDWARDS

**HON. CHUCK EDWARDS**

OF NORTH CAROLINA  
IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

*Tuesday, July 2, 2024*

Mr. EDWARDS. Mr. Speaker, I include in the RECORD the following newsletter to give an update to my constituents on issues surrounding military readiness, national security, and the appropriations process.

DEAR FRIEND:

The United States is facing unprecedented threats from those who want to do us harm, so the House is prioritizing policies that strengthen our nation's security and borders.

The House recently passed H.R. 8070, the Servicemembers Quality of Life Improvement and National Defense Authorization Act for FY25, which is focused on improving our servicemembers' lives while restoring our military's focus on warfighting.

I'm excited to share that this bill also included three of my amendments.

The first requires the Department of Defense (DOD) to complete a survey of the 15 counties in North Carolina's 11th District as potential locations for future defense facilities. Western North Carolina's topography is much like that of many of our adversaries, including China's, and would be advantageous for military training.

Another of my amendments requires the DOD to submit an annual report to the General Services Administration about office space occupancy data so that taxpayer dollars are not being thrown away on unused office space by the federal government.

The third amendment would revoke the security clearances of retired or active members of the armed forces or Defense Department civilian employees who support or participate in demonstrations in support of a designated foreign terrorist organization. It should be a no-brainer that someone who supports a terrorist organization should not have access to classified security information.

This year's NDAA took an important step in getting our military away from wokeness and back to its mission of protecting and defending America, and I was glad to support it.

OPEN BORDERS PUT AMERICAN LIVES AT RISK.

Protecting the long-term success of our nation and Americans require defending our border.

Since President Biden has taken office, there have been more than 9.6 million illegal immigrant encounters nationwide, with more than 7.9 million of them just at our southern border.

Over the past three years, the left's failed border policies have made every community in America a border community, and the president's latest executive order does nothing to actually address the crisis at our southern border.

Recent news of Americans murdered by illegal immigrants makes it clear that we must secure our borders to keep our citizens safe. We cannot protect Americans if we don't secure our border. That's why I helped pass the strongest border security bill in history, H.R. 2, the Secure the Border Act, which would put an end to this administration's border crisis that is putting Americans' lives at risk.

APPROPRIATIONS SEASON IS UPON US

The House Appropriations Committee continues to fulfill our Article I responsibility by moving 12 bills that fund the federal government through the committee and the House floor in regular order with robust debate on spending.

A common theme that marks these appropriations bills is a strong commitment to fiscal responsibility and American values.

One of the funding bills I helped pass as a member of the Financial Services and General Government Subcommittee is nearly 20 percent less than the president's budget request and nearly 10 percent less than the spending level in FY24. Notably, this bill prioritizes agencies and programs that combat terrorism financing, maintain the integrity of our financial markets, spur small business growth, support the judicial branch and target opioid abuse.

After the Appropriations Committee's passage of the Defense, Homeland Security, and State, Foreign Operations, and Related Programs appropriations bills, the House also advanced these bills, putting our nation a step closer to increasing the safety and security of the American people.

Some of the highlights in these bills that strengthen our national security include the following:

The Defense bill refocuses the DOD on its core mission preparing combat-ready military forces to deter war and safeguard our national security. The measure includes targeting funding to counter China and related adversaries, supporting innovation to develop modernized weapons and capabilities, and supporting our servicemembers and their families, including giving a pay raise to all military personnel.

It also reduces waste by cutting \$18 billion from the president's budget request and eliminating the use of taxpayer dollars that would have gone to fund the radical left's woke agenda.

The Homeland Security bill takes steps toward securing our southern border and

makes sure that the Department of Homeland Security upholds federal law. The measure includes providing \$600 million for constructing the southern border wall, sustained funding for 22,000 Border Patrol agents, and prohibits the transportation of illegal immigrants into the interior of the United States for purposes other than enforcement.

The State and Foreign Operations bill prioritizes agencies and programs that protect our national security while safeguarding our global economic interests, supporting our allies, targeting our enemies and promoting freedom and democracy abroad in a fiscally responsible manner, cutting overall funding by 11 percent.

The measure includes about \$2 billion for U.S. national security interests in the Indo-Pacific and to counter influence by our adversaries, and more than \$3 billion for Israel to defend itself against terrorist attacks. The bill also stops funding for the United Nations' regular budget, terminates more than 18 unnecessary programs and eliminates 33 special envoys and special representatives at the Department of State.

This administration's America Last foreign policy approach has weakened the United States' standing on the world stage, emboldened our adversaries such as China, Iran and Russia, abandoned our allies and placed American servicemembers' lives at risk.

As the House Appropriations Committee continues to work through our process of funding the government, you can follow along on Facebook or X for ongoing updates.

IF CONGRESS DOES NOT DO OUR JOB, WE DO NOT GO HOME

Every year since 1996, Congress has failed to pass our annual spending bills on time, and yet once August rolls around, Congress goes home, despite work still left to be done in DC. We cannot continue putting funding our federal government on the backburner.

The Constitution gives the power of the purse in Congress, yet we cannot seem to get our single most important job done in a timely manner.

I'm introducing the Do Our Job Act because if our work is not done, we should not go home. The American people cannot afford Congress not funding our government on time. The way Congress runs is broken, and this bill is one of the ways that I'm waking to fix how Washington works.

STANDING UP FOR LIFE

The second anniversary of the Supreme Court's landmark Dobbs decision is a celebratory reminder that the Constitution does not grant a right to abortion. This ruling was a major step toward protecting unborn life. I'll continue to stand up for the most vulnerable through legislative actions and advocating for expecting mothers and families so that they feel empowered to choose life.

COMING TO WNC SOON: NEW ARMY RESERVE FACILITY

The Department of the Army is funding a \$32 million project in Asheville for the construction of a U.S. Army Reserve center, vehicle maintenance facility and organizational storage building in the Asheville vicinity, to be completed by June 2026.

I'm pleased that the Department of the Army has agreed with the approach taken by my House-passed National Defense Authorization Act (NDAA) amendment, which requires the Department of Defense to complete a survey of the 15 counties in North Carolina's 11th District as potential locations for future defense facilities and report to Congress on its findings.

The new construction will not only benefit our Army reservists, but it is also an opportunity for military leaders to explore additional avenues for WNC to uniquely contribute to doing our part to support our military and reservists.

“UNPLUGGED” TOWN HALL IN YANCEY COUNTY

Mark your calendars for Tuesday, July 16 to join my next in-person town hall in Yancey County. The town hall will take place from 6:00–7:30 p.m. at the Yancey County Courthouse, 110 Town Sq., Burnsville, NC.

I'm looking forward to sharing an update about the latest legislative opportunities and challenges in Congress and answering questions about the issues that matter to you.

With my warmest regards,

CHUCK EDWARDS,  
*Member of Congress.*

REMEMBERING WWII VETERAN  
STANISLAU “STAN” WOJCİK

**HON. LISA C. McCLAIN**

OF MICHIGAN

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

*Tuesday, July 2, 2024*

Mrs. McCLAIN. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to honor the extraordinary life and service of Stanislaw “Stan” Wojcik, a proud veteran from Michigan’s 9th Congressional District, who passed away on June 9, 2024. Stan’s service and courage as a World War II Navy machinist aboard the USS *Sarasota* (APA-204) left a long-lasting impact on his fellow soldiers and our country.

Born on August 13, 1925, Stan Wojcik exemplified the values of duty, honor, and sacrifice from a young age. His service in the South Pacific during World War II, and particularly in his role aboard the USS *Sarasota*, stands as a testament to his sense of service.

During his service, Stan participated in critical operations throughout the war. Stan aided in disaster relief after the explosion of the USS *Mt. Hood*, the Battle of Luzon, the Battle of Manila, the Battle of Okinawa, and the invasion of Ie Shima. His contributions during these campaigns underscored his unwavering commitment to defending our Nation during one of the most defining eras of our history.

Throughout his service, Stan Wojcik was awarded numerous honors recognizing his bravery and dedication, including the Combat Action Ribbon, China Service Medal, American Campaign Medal, Asiatic Pacific Campaign Medal, World War II Victory Medal, Navy Occupation Service Medal, Honorable Service Lapel Pin, Philippine Republic Presidential Unit Citation, and the Philippine Liberation Ribbon.

Mr. Speaker, I ask my colleagues to join me in offering Stanislaw Wojcik’s family, friends, and community our deepest condolences. We are indebted to his generation for their bravery, sacrifice, and leadership.

PERSONAL EXPLANATION

**HON. ERIC SORENSEN**

OF ILLINOIS

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

*Tuesday, July 2, 2024*

Mr. SORENSEN. Mr. Speaker, I missed nine votes on June 28, 2024 due to con-

tracting COVID-19. Had I been present, I would have voted:

NAY on Roll Call No. 327 on Agreeing to the Amendment: Tenney of New York Part A Amendment No. 163;

NAY on Roll Call No. 328 on Agreeing to the Amendment: Tenney of New York Part A Amendment No. 164;

YEA on Roll Call No. 329 on Agreeing to the Amendment: Titus of Nevada Part A Amendment No. 171;

YEA on Roll Call No. 330 on Motion to Re-commit: Department of Defense Appropriations Act, 2025;

NAY on Roll Call No. 331 on Passage: Department of Defense Appropriations Act, 2025;

YEA on Roll Call No. 332 on Motion to Re-commit: Department of Homeland Security Appropriations Act, 2025;

NAY on Roll Call No. 333 on Passage: Department of Homeland Security Appropriations Act, 2025;

YEA on Roll Call No. 334 on Motion to Re-commit: Making appropriations for the Department of State, foreign operations, and related programs for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2025, and for other purposes; and

NAY on Roll Call No. 335 on Passage: Making appropriations for the Department of State, foreign operations, and related programs for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2025, and for other purposes.

HONORING THE 125TH ANNIVERSARY OF THE MICHIGAN MUNICIPAL LEAGUE

**HON. ELISSA SLOTKIN**

OF MICHIGAN

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

*Tuesday, July 2, 2024*

Ms. SLOTKIN. Mr. Speaker, today I honor and celebrate the 125th anniversary of the Michigan Municipal League, an organization dedicated to making communities better through innovation, connection, and service. Since its founding in 1899, the League has played a crucial role in enhancing municipal governance and fostering community development across Michigan.

Originally known as the League of Michigan Municipalities, the League found a permanent home in Ann Arbor in 1928 and established an additional office in Lansing in 1957. Initially focused on promoting home rule for cities and villages, it has evolved to address a wide range of municipal concerns, from legislative advocacy to comprehensive service offerings. Today, the League represents over 500 full-service cities, villages, and townships. It has worked tirelessly to educate and inspire public servants to build trust and create a sense of belonging among residents and local leaders to build opportunity and address social and economic needs.

The League’s motto is “Cooperation solves any problem,” a principle the organization has demonstrated for over a century by bringing together officials to learn from one another. Through its advocacy efforts and commitment to cooperation and mutual support, the League has highlighted the transformative power of public service in local governments.

Throughout its history, the Michigan Municipal League has been instrumental in numerous significant initiatives. The League played a vital role in the construction of the Mackinac Bridge in the 1950s, a landmark project that connected Michigan’s Upper and Lower Peninsulas. Its advocacy was pivotal in the expansion of the Dial-A-Ride Transportation system in 1975, which greatly benefited seniors and individuals with disabilities. Additionally, the League championed the Complete Streets Act in Michigan, which was signed in 2010 and promotes mobility and safety for all users, including pedestrians, public transportation users, older individuals, and children.

In 2009, the League, alongside the Detroit Regional Chamber and Transportation Riders United, formed a coalition to embrace public transit as a powerful economic development tool and resource for residents. This initiative underscored the League’s belief in collaborative efforts and the power of community-focused policies that has been a tenet of its mission since its earliest days.

This 125th anniversary is a perfect time to recognize the Michigan Municipal League for its dedication to improving local governance and fostering vibrant, equitable communities. It is with great respect that I honor the League’s 125 years of service and its ongoing contributions to Michigan’s cities, villages, and townships. May the Michigan Municipal League continue to inspire and lead for many more years to come.

CELEBRATING THE LIFE OF  
WILLIAM LORICK

**HON. AARON BEAN**

OF FLORIDA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

*Tuesday, July 2, 2024*

Mr. BEAN of Florida. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to honor the life of Mr. William Lorick, a beloved member of our Amelia Island family.

Born in 1947, William grew up in Augusta, Georgia before attending Newberry College in South Carolina. After graduating, William embarked on a long and extremely successful real estate career. In 1973, William moved to Amelia Island, Florida where he lived for the rest of his life.

William was a pillar of the Amelia Island community, but his service to the island went far beyond that. He was key to the growth of the Lutheran Prince of Peace Church, he was a founding member of the Barnabas Center, and he was one of the first volunteers for the South End Auxiliary Fire Fighters. William also spent years as a mentor in the Big Brothers program. He might even be remembered most for his 1929 Ford Model A, which was certainly the coolest car in town.

Mr. Speaker, I ask that all my colleagues join me in celebrating the amazing life of William Lorick, along with offering our deepest condolences to his wife Stephanie, their children Barlass and Abigail, and to all of his friends and family who miss him dearly.

# Daily Digest

## Senate

### *Chamber Action*

The Senate met at 12 p.m. in pro forma session, and adjourned at 12:00:32 p.m. until 9 a.m. on Friday, July 5, 2024.

### *Committee Meetings*

No committee meetings were held.

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## House of Representatives

### *Chamber Action*

**Public Bills and Resolutions Introduced:** 10 public bills, H.R. 8913–8931; and 10 resolutions, H. Res. 172–181, were introduced. **Pages H4450–51**

**Additional Cosponsors:** **Pages H4453–54**

**Reports Filed:** There were no reports filed today.

**Speaker:** Read a letter from the Speaker wherein he appointed Representative Carl to act as Speaker pro tempore for today. **Page H4449**

**Quorum Calls—Votes:** There were no yea-and-nay votes, and there were no recorded votes. There were no quorum calls.

**Adjournment:** The House met at 11 a.m. and adjourned at 11:03 a.m.

### *Committee Meetings*

No hearings were held.

### *Joint Meetings*

No joint committee meetings were held.

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### COMMITTEE MEETINGS FOR FRIDAY, JULY 5, 2024

*(Committee meetings are open unless otherwise indicated)*

#### Senate

No meetings/hearings scheduled.

#### House

No hearings are scheduled.

*Next Meeting of the SENATE*

9 a.m., Friday, July 5

Senate Chamber

Program for Friday: Senate will meet in a pro forma session.

*Next Meeting of the HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES*

1 p.m., Friday, July 5

House Chamber

Program for Friday: House will meet in Pro Forma session at 1 p.m.

## Extensions of Remarks, as inserted in this issue

## HOUSE

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